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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/604,174	06/30/2003	Peter J Jenkins	BUR920030012US1	1173
23550	7590	03/29/2005	EXAMINER	
HOFFMAN WARNICK & D'ALESSANDRO, LLC 3 E-COMM SQUARE ALBANY, NY 12207			LIN, SUN J	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2825	
DATE MAILED: 03/29/2005				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No. 10/604,174	Applicant(s) JENKINS ET AL.	
	Examiner Sun J. Lin	Art Unit 2825	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 December 2004.
- 2a) ☒ This action is FINAL.                      2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-3, 7-10, 14-16 and 20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 4-6, 11-13 and 17-19 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 06/30/2003 and 12/13/2004 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                                   | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)             |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

### DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to applicant's Amendment and Remarks filed on 12/13/2004 regarding application 10/604,174 filed on 06/230/2003. Claims 1 – 20 remain pending in the application.

#### *Claim Objections*

2. Claims listed below are objected to because of the following informalities:

- Claim 1, line 9, change "the route path" to **—a route path—**.
- Claim 3, line 3, change "the passes" to **—that passes—**.
- Claim 4, line 2 – 3, change "the route path" to **—a route path—**.
- Claim 5, line 2 – 3, change "the route path" to **—a route path—**.
- Claim 8, line 10, change "the route path" to **—a route path—**.
- Claim 10, line 3, change "the passes" to **—that passes—**.
- Claim 11, line 3, change "the route path" to **—a route path—**.
- Claim 12, line 3, change "the route path" to **—a route path—**.
- Claim 14, line 9, change "the route path" to **—a route path—**.
- Claim 16, line 3, change "the passes" to **—that passes—**.
- Claim 17, line 3, change "the route path" to **—a route path—**.
- Claim 18, line 3, change "the route path" to **—a route path—**.

Appropriate correction is required.

#### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103*

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- (1). Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

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- (2). Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- (3). Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- (4). Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

4. Claims 1 – 3, 8 – 10 and 14 – 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,702,868 to Kellam et al. in view of IEEE paper entitled “*Package Clock Distribution Design Optimization for High-Speed and Low-Power VLSIs*” to Zhu et al.

5. As to Claims 1, 8 and 14, Kellam et al. teach the following subject matter:

- Conductive wiring patterns of an ASIC (i.e., Application Specific Integrated Circuit) – [col. 2, line 25 – 26];
- Place functional blocks and route the interconnecting wirings defining the overall functionality of the ASIC – [col. 2, line 40 – 41]; Notice that (1) there are a plurality of interconnecting wirings between functional blocks of the ASIC, (2) the interconnecting wirings are route paths between the functional blocks of the ASIC, (3) the route paths (interconnecting wirings) are routed between appropriate terminals in order to define the overall functionality of the ASIC.

Kellam et al. do not teach a method of scanning the route path for transmission line replacement candidates. But Zhu et al. teach applying package clock distribution design optimization for high speed and low-power ASICs – [title; abstract]. Zhu et al. also teach the following subject matter:

- Optimal design of clock network (i.e., clock trees) by taking advantages of package layers, which provide 1000 times less wire resistance and 10 time less wire capacitance than those of (nominal) interconnects (i.e., conductive wiring patterns, metal route paths) on (ASIC) chip – [abstract]; Notice that high speed and low-power of the clock network are due to less wire resistance and less wire capacitance of the package layers;
- Transmission line noise suppression for package clock trees – [abstract; Fig. 2]; global clock tree can be assigned on package – [Fig. 2; page 57, left col.]; Notice that (1) global clock tree can be package clock tree (2) global clock

tree can be constructed using transmission line in order to suppress noise, (3) paths in clock trees are route paths for transmission line replacement candidates.

Notice that the route paths between the ASIC are examined (i.e., scanned) to determine route paths in clock trees for transmission line replacement candidates in order to construct global clock trees using transmission line thereby achieving high-speed and low-power performance of the ASIC.

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to have applied the teachings of Zhu et al. in scanning (examining) the route paths to determine clock trees for transmission line replacement candidates in order to construct global clock trees using transmission line thereby achieving high-speed and low-power performance of the ASIC.

Zhu et al. also show in Fig. 2 and teach that, for each transmission line replacement candidate (i.e., a route path in clock tree), automatically selecting a buffered wire to implement a route path in local clock tree or a transmission line to implement a route path in global clock tree.

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claims 1, 8 and 14 are called **[Response A]** hereinafter.

6. As to Claims 2, 9 and 15, reasons are included in **[Response A]** given above, Notice that (1) there are a plurality of interconnecting wirings (route paths) between functional blocks of the ASIC, (2) each route path in the local clock tree are routed using wire with buffers, and each route path in the global clock tree are routed using transmission line without buffers – [Fig. 2].

7. As to Claims 3, 10 and 16, Zhu et al. show in Fig. 2 and teach in **[Response A]** that each route path of global clock tree is a transmission line built in package layer, which passes over a functional block of the ASIC without using a buffer.

8. Claims 7 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,702,868 to Kellam et al. and IEEE paper entitled "*Package Clock Distribution Design Optimization for High-Speed and Low-Power VLSIs*" to Zhu et al. in view of U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0090282 A1 to Minami.

9. As to Claims 7 and 20, Kellam et al. and Zhu et al. teach all subject matter recited in Claims 1 and 14. Zhu et al. teach using transmission line for route path of global clock tree, they do not teach that the transmission line comprise a coplanar waveguide transmission line. But Minami teach using coplanar waveguide (transmission line) in a region where signal lines are highly dense at the clock signal supply designation – [Paragraph 0036, line 5 – 7]. Minami also teach that the coplanar waveguide (transmission line) is substantially unaffected by noise due to cross talk from wiring layers – [Paragraph 0024].

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to have applied the teachings of Minami in applying coplanar waveguide transmission line for routing route path of global clock tree without using buffer(s) in a region where signal lines are highly dense at the clock signal supply designation in order to avoid congest and to substantially reduced noise due to cross talk from adjacent signal lines.

#### ***Allowable Subject Matter***

10. Claims 4 – 6, 11 – 13 and 17 – 19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but they would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Those claims are allowed due to allowable subject matter explained in the Office Action mailed to applicants on 11/10/2004.

***Response to Amendment and Remarks***

11. Applicants' amendment and remarks filed on 12/13/2004 have been reviewed. Applicants' arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Key argument and response are listed as below:

**[Argument ]:** Prior art (of IEEE paper entitled "*Package Clock Distribution Design Optimization for High-Speed and Low-Power VLSIs*" to Zhu et al.) does not teach or suggest "scanning the route paths between blocks of ASIC for transmission line replacement candidate".

**[Response ]:** Zhu et al. do teach (1) clock distribution technique in VLSI – [page 56, right column, 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph]; (2) clock distribution (local clock tree and global clock tree/network) in an ASIC, which has many flip chips (i.e., functional blocks) – [abstract; Fig. 2; (3) transmission line noise suppression for package clock tree (i.e., global clock tree) – [abstract; Fig. 2(b)]. Notice that, in order to determine a transmission replacement candidate, route paths for the clock trees should be examined (i.e., scanned) to choose a route path for the global clock tree for transmission replacement thereby suppressing the noise.

***Conclusion***

12. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sun J. Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1899. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (9:00AM-6:00PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7382 for regular communications and (703) 305-3413 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1782.

Sun James Lin  
Patent Examiner  
Art Unit 2825  
March 20, 2005



**VUTHE SIEK**  
PRIMARY EXAMINER